



Assessment Date: ____/____/____ Student: _____ Examiner: _____
Words Read Correctly (WRC): _____ Errors: _____ Notes: _____

Scientific Investigation Skills

In order to conduct a fair science experiment, we must be able to make a hypothesis and understand the concept of variables. There are three different types of variables involved in a science experiment: independent variables, dependent variables and controlled variables. An example of an experiment where we might see all of these things in practice is testing the growth of plants under different conditions.	15 26 36 46 62 65
A hypothesis is a statement (not a question) of what you believe will happen. For example: the plant in the salty soil will grow the least amount.	79 92
Independent variables are the part of the science experiment that we change (input). For example, if we were testing the growth of different plants, we might change the soil to dry, soil with water and soil with salt in it.	104 118 132
Dependent variables are the thing that we measure, because they depend on what you change. We might measure the height our plants grow in centimetres.	144 156 157
Controlled variables are all of the parts of the experiment that we keep the same, to make it a fair test. We must keep everything other than the independent variable exactly the same, for example the amount of soil, type and size of plant, type and size of container, position and amount of sunlight.	171 185 197 211



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